## In the claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of prevention and/or treatment of atherosclerosis, eardiovascular disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease, stenosis, restenosis and/or in-stent-stenosis in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the group having a formula:

$$H_2C$$
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_1$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $O$ 
 $R_3$ 

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

(i) A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of CH<sub>2</sub> and C=O, at least one of A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> being CH<sub>2</sub>;

(ii) R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and

wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

$$O = C$$
,  $O = C$ , and  $O = C$ ,

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl,

(iii) R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, acyl, alkyl, <u>phosphatidyl phospho</u>choline, <u>phosphatidyl phospho</u>ethanolamine, <u>phosphatidyl phospho</u>serine, <u>phosphatidyl phospho</u>cardiolipin and <u>phosphatidyl phospho</u>inisitol.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each of  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  is  $CH_2$ .
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein  $R_1$  is an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and  $R_2$  is

$$-x$$

wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

$$O = C, O = C, O = C, O = C, OR, and -OH,$$

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl.

- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein each of  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  is  $CH_2$ .
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said compound is administered via mucosal administration.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein administration of said compound is nasal, oral or intra- peritoneal administration.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein administration of said compound reduces immune reactivity to oxidized LDL in said subject.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said compound is administered in addition to a therapeutically effective amount of at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of HMGCoA reductase inhibitors (statins)statins, mucosal adjuvants, corticosteroids, anti-inflammatory compounds, analgesics, growth factors, toxins, and additional tolerizing antigens.
- 9. (Withdrawn) A method of prevention and/or treatment of an inflammatory disorder, an immune mediated disease, an autoimmune disease and a proliferative disorder selected from the group consisting of aging, rheumatoid arthritis, juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, inflammatory bowl disease and cancer in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the group having a formula:

$$H_2C$$
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_1$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $O$ 
 $R_3$ 

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

- (i) A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of CH<sub>2</sub> and C=O, at least one of A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> being CH<sub>2</sub>;
- (ii) R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and

wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

functional groups; and

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

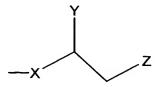
$$O = C \begin{pmatrix} H & O = C \\ O & O \end{pmatrix}, O = C \begin{pmatrix} OH & OR_4 \\ OR_4 & and -OH, \end{pmatrix}$$

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl,

at least one of 
$$R_1$$
 and  $R_2$  being said  $-x$ ; and

(iii) R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, acyl, alkyl, phosphatidyl choline, phosphatidyl ethanolamine, phosphatidyl serine, phosphatidyl cardiolipin and phosphatidyl inisitol.

- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein each of  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  is  $CH_2$ .
- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein  $R_1$  is an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and  $R_2$  is



wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

$$0 = C \qquad OH \qquad OR_4$$

$$0 = C \qquad OH \qquad OR_4$$

$$0 = C \qquad OH \qquad OR_4 \qquad and \qquad OH,$$
whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl.

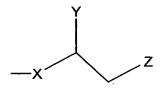
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein each of  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  is  $CH_2$ .
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein said compound is administered via mucosal administration.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein administration of said compound is nasal, oral or intra- peritoneal administration.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein administration of said compound reduces immune reactivity to oxidized LDL in said subject.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 9, wherein said compound is administered in addition to a therapeutically effective amount of at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of HMGCoA reductase inhibitors (statins), mucosal adjuvants, corticosteroids, anti-inflammatory compounds, analgesics, growth factors, toxins, and additional tolerizing antigens.
- 17. (Withdrawn) A method of synthesizing an oxidized phospholipid comprising:
- (a) providing a phospholipid backbone including two fatty acid side chains, wherein at least one of said fatty acid side chains is a mono-unsaturated fatty acid having 2-15 carbon atoms; and

- (b) oxidizing the unsaturated bond of said mono-unsaturated fatty acid to thereby generate the oxidized phospholipid.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 17, wherein said phospholipid backbone further includes a moiety selected from the group consisting of H, phosphatidyl choline, phosphatidyl ethanolamine, phosphatidyl serine, phosphatidyl cardiolipin and phosphatidyl inisitol.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 17 wherein the oxidized phospholipid is POVPC, and said mono-unsaturated fatty acid is 5-hexenoic acid.
- 20. (New) A method of treatment of atherosclerosis, cardiovascular disease, cerebrovascular disease, peripheral vascular disease, stenosis, restenosis and/or in-stent-stenosis in a subject in need thereof, the method comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound, said compound selected from the group having a formula:

$$H_2C$$
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_1$ 
 $R_1$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $CH$ 
 $O$ 
 $A_2$ 
 $R_2$ 
 $H_2C$ 
 $O$ 
 $R_3$ 

or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

- (i) A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are each independently selected from the group consisting of CH<sub>2</sub> and C=O, at least one of A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> being CH<sub>2</sub>;
- (ii) R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and



wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

functional groups; and

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

$$O = C, O = C, O = C, O = C, OR_4$$

$$O = C, OR_4 \text{ and } -OH,$$

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl;

(iii) R<sub>2</sub> is

wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

functional groups; and

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

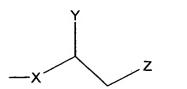
$$O = C, O = C, OH, OR_4$$

$$O = C, OH, OR_4$$

$$OR_4 \text{ and } OH,$$

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl; and

- (iv) R<sub>3</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, acyl, alkyl, phosphocholine, phosphoethanolamine, phosphoserine, phosphocardiolipin and phosphoinositol.
  - 21. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein each of  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  is  $CH_2$ .
- 22. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein  $R_1$  is an alkyl chain having 1-27 carbon atoms and  $R_2$  is



wherein X is an alkyl chain having 1-24 carbon atoms, Y is selected from the group consisting of:

Z is selected from the group consisting of:

$$O = C \begin{pmatrix} H & O = C \\ O & O = C \end{pmatrix}, O = C \begin{pmatrix} OH & OR_4 \\ OCH & OR_4 \\ OR_4 & and -OH, \end{pmatrix}$$

whereas R<sub>4</sub> is an alkyl.

- 23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein each of A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> is CH<sub>2</sub>.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein said compound is administered via mucosal administration.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein administration of said compound is nasal, oral or intra- peritoneal administration.
- 26. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein administration of said compound reduces immune reactivity to oxidized LDL in said subject.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 20, wherein said compound is administered in addition to a therapeutically effective amount of at least one additional compound selected from the group consisting of statins, mucosal adjuvants, corticosteroids, anti-inflammatory compounds, analgesics, growth factors, toxins, and additional tolerizing antigens.